New York Office, 49 Potter Building.

No. 13,297.

an nitimatum

The interview with Ambassador Bayard

telegraphed from London, in which he is

quoted as denying that an ultimatum has

been communicated to England with rela-

inconsistent with the understanding here

among those who have any information en

the subject. The use of the term ulti-

matum has been reckless and without

There is nothing in the situation as yet

been instructed to make very clear to Great Britain what our position is with re-

derstood to mean all that is said, and a lit-

WRECKED AT A Y.

Fatal Collision Near Altoona, Pa.

This Morning.

ALTOONA, Pa., October 16,-Two men

were killed, one fatally and several slightly

injured this morning in a wreck on the Martinsburg branch of the Pennsylvania

railroad. W. F. Good of Henrietta, fire-man of the Martinsburg train, was killed

instantly. J. Q. Woodring of Tyrone, front

brakeman of the water train, had both legs

The collision occurred between the Mar-

tinsburg mixed train, hauling milk and Al-

toona shop workmen, and a water train, a

mile west of this city. The water train,

ordered to proceed to the "Y" switch near

Hollidaysburg to get water for the Altoona

shops, and was just pulling from a siding to the main track when the Martinsburg train came around the curve at full speed. The collision demolished both locomotives

The collision demolished both locomotives and derailed several of the tank cars. The passenger cars kept the track.

Besides those already mentioned the following were injured: David Arthur of Altoona, engineer of the Martinsburg train, badly scalded and injured internally; cannot recover. Henry Blackburn, engineer of the water train, seriously but not fatally

the water train, seriously but not fatally hurt. William Jones of Burket Station, a

hurt. William Jones of Burket Station, a passenger, was thrown through a door and painfully injured. Benjamin Weyandt of Roaring Spring, a passenger, badly cut about arms. Conductor Davis of the passenger train escaped with slight injuries. A number of others were more or less cut by flying glass.

A confusion of orders is responsible for the accident, which is the most serious that ever occurred on the Altoona division.

OPENED BY BOIES

The Democratic Campaign in Iowa

CHEROKEE, Iowa, October 16.-Ex-Gov.

Boles opened the democratic state cam-

paign in this section of the state yester-

day. He reiterated his views on free sil-

ver, saying in part: "In the next national

campaign the greatest of all questions to

be settled by the American people will be

the question of whether or not silver is to be demonetized and restored to its original

place of standard money in the financial

system of our country. I do not fear to

predict that the republican party will never

the wrong. It reeds no Moses lead the democratic party in Iowa

its own declaration, its success is

remonetize silver. It alone is responsible

to victory on this subject. If it will inscribe upon its banners an unequivocal demand for a restoration of silver to the place assigned it by the Constitution of our

assured. If it fails to up this, a quire a dispensation of Providence to pre-

SEA MARSHES SINKING.

Result of Major Quinn's Examination

the Mississippi Delta.

NEW ORLEANS, October 16.-Maj

Quinn, United States engineer in charge of

the light houses of this district, just re-

turned from Port Eads and the jettles.

He insists, after a most careful examina-

tion, that the lower delta and the sea

marshes along the Gulf of Mexico are slow-

ly sinking. For more than a year experi-

ments with tide gauges have been in progress at the mouth of the Mississippi river, and as a result, Maj. Quinn has reached the conclusion that the level of the gulf has been raised one foot since 1877. This the major attributes to a gradual though

irregular subsidence of the land along the ccast, and, he believes, throughout the Mississippi delta, New Orleans and the southern portion of Louisiana.

ST. LOUIS RAN AGROUND.

Sandy Hook.

NEW YORK, October 16 .- The American

line steamer St. Louis, which left her pier

at 11 o'clock this morning for Southamp-

ton, touched bottom near the point of Sandy

Hook on her way out to sea. She remained there about fifteen minutes and got off on the rising tide and proceeded on her voy-

BUILDING INSPECTORS MEET.

They Visited the Baltimore Parks in

the Afternoon.

BALTIMORE, Md., October 16.-The Na-

tional Association of Building Inspectors

resumed its deliberations this morning af-

ter first listening to an address of wel-

come by Mayor Latrobe, to which Presi-

dent Damsell responded. Papers were then

read as follows: "Strains on Floors," by

Rev. Mr. Smith Gives Bonds.

before United States Commissioner Capron today and gave bonds for his appearance at

Boston to answer the charge of sending

defamatory letters through the mails to members of his congregation. Mr. Smith says the charge is unfounded. He will re-turn to Boston next week to face his ac-

DENVER, Col., October 16 .- Rev. Frank

Touched Bottom Near the Point

zation in this and many other states

cut off and his head crushed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1895-TWELVE PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

Secretary Carlisle's Position on an Addi-

tional Bear Tax.

What He Probably Will Recommend

It is asserted again that Secretary Car-

lisle intends to recommend an increase of the tax on beer. If this is so, it is a

change of intention, or a newly-formed in

tention. It has been generally understood

subject for additional taxation, but it has

been understood, also, that he regarded it

as impolitic to attempt to impose the ad-

ditional tax. Both parties are a little afraid of being charged with putting too

much tax on the "poor man's" drink.

It is not believed that a beer tax could

be passed through Congress, and by mak-

ing the recommendation Mr. Carlisle would

antagonize a quite large element and yet

antagonize a quite large element and yet accomplish nothing by it.

What he will probably recommend is a tax on checks, mortgages, conveyances, etc., on proprietary medicines and compounds and on domestic wines.

What he is likely to get from this Congress in the way of increasing revenue is a duty on wool, which the President cannot approve.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION CITY.

Senator Thurston Discusses the Prob-abilities.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 16 .- "The lo-

cation of the next republican national con-

vention lies between three cities-San Francisco, Pittsburg and Chicago," said Nation-

al Committeeman John M. Thurston of Ne-

braska. Mr. Thurston is at present on the

coast in the interest of the Union Pacific

railroad, relative to the receivership on two

appeals from orders made from the state of

Oregon. Mr. Thurston was inclined to be

communicative on matters pertaining to

politics, and stated that Joseph Manley,

the national committeeman of Maine, expressed the wish to him that San Fran-

isco might be the next convention place of

"What do I think of the probable nominee of the party? Well, my state is rather inclined toward McKinley, but I hear Allison or Reed of Maine frequently referred to as available and safe for the party. Harrison, did you say? Never. He is entirely out of the question. I believe there was an attempt to work him in the fight, but it has been given up. Don't you recall that ald

attempt to work him in the fight, but it has been given up. Don't you recall 'hat old line, 'Thou dost protest too much.' That applies to Harrison. He will never do."
"Will the republican party give the west a free col.age plank?"
"Yes, I think so; one similar to the plank of the last campaign, but I do not think the republicans, or the democrats either, willever declare for the free and unlimited coinage of sliver without regard to any other country. I think the money question will have to be settled in such a way that there will never be any great disturbance in money values."

MORE ARMENIANS KILLED.

Continuation of the Massacres in the

LONDON, October 16 .- A dispatch to the

Daily News from Constantinople says: Re-

liable news has been received here that fif-

ty Armenians were killed and a number

wounded at Akhissar, in the Villayet of

Adin, on the Anatolian railway, by a Mos-

lem mob. The slaughter occurred on Octo-

ber 9, which was market day, when many

Armeniar's had gathered from adjacent vil-

lages. Early in the morning a Turkish

rough, finding that the Armenians were not

armed, picked a quarrel and shot one of them. There was then raised on all sides the cry, "Why hesitate to massacre the in-fidels?"

fidels?"

A mob of Turks, armed with revolvers and knives, then looted the market and massacred the helpless Armenians. Their todies were thrown into the wells.

It is stated that the mudir was responsible for the attack. No women or children were injured, probably on account of the arrival of Kaimaikan from the village of Gieve, three miles distant, who made valiant efforts, at the risk of his own life, to save the Christians. Otherwise the slaughter would have been complete.

ter would have been complete.

The panic is reviving in Constantinople

The paniz is reviving in Constantinople and the Armenians are again flocking into the churches. The police disregard the safe-conduct cards given to the Armenians by the foreign embassics, and they insult and maltreat the holders of them.

The Constantinople correspondent of the Standard blames the Armenian revolutionary committees for forcing the Armenians to clear their shops and to maintain the

to close their shops and to maintain the appearance of a panic when the Armenians

appearance of a panic when the Armenians themselves are ready to resume business. "I visited the prison," the correspondent says, "and questioned the prisoners, and found that there were no serious complaints against the police. The inspecting commission sent a list of fifty-six prisoners for liberation while I was there. The revolutionary leaders are responsible for the continuance of the deadlock."

RELIGIOUS CONGRESSES CONDEMNED

Pope Leo's Letter to the Catholic Hierarchy.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., October 16.-Pope

Leo has written an important letter to the

Catholic hierarchy of America, condemning

the assemblage of congresses of religion

The letter has been delivered to Archbishop

Ryan of this city, and to all other arch

bishops. It was the main subject consid-

ered at the recent assembling of the arch

tishops at Washington, but the efforts at

secrecy were successful in keeping the pope's letter from publicity. What steps the archbishops took cannot be learned, but with the views of the pope thus clearly

but with the views of the pope thus clearly expressed, it is doubtless that the American church will anathematize congresses of religion in the same way that an interdiction was placed on Catholic participation in the Knights of Pythias, Odd Fellows and

other secret societies.

The congresses of religions held at Chi-

cago as a feature of the world's fair was the most notable gathering of that character in recent years, bringing together not only the many sects of Christianity, but also Hindoos, Brahmins, Buddhists and Theosophists. The gathering was so notable that its projectors have expected it would

that its projectors have expected it would lead to further congresses merging all sects

and creeds. Whether Pope Leo's disapproval is par-

ticularly in reference to the Chicago congress cannot be learned, but as that was the last and by far the most conspicuous gathering of the kind, the letter will be viewed with special reference to it.

Smuggling Rum by Wholesale.

ST. JOHNS, N.S., October 16.-Wholesale

Orient.

AT THE WHITE HOUSE

The President and Family Resume Their Residence There.

A CABINET MEETING HELD TODAY

The Coming Visit to the Atlanta Exposition.

WILL MOVE TO WOODLEY

The President and family have resumed their residence at the White House, after an absence of nearly five months, spent at their cottage at Gray Gables, on the shore of Buzzard's bay. The President made the trip to Washington entirely by water, on Mr. Benedict's fine yacht Onelda. He reached this city about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoor, and proceeded direct to the White House. His companions on the voyage were Mr. Benedict and Private Secretary Thurber. The trip from the lower New York bay, which the Oneida left Monday morning, was accomplished just about on scheduled time. The weather was rather rough until the Delaware capes were passed, but all the party stood the voyage well and reported promptly at every meal. river was made at Indian Head, where : river was made at Indian Head, where a telephone message was sent to the White House officials, notifying them to have carriages on hand to meet the party. The trip was an enjoyable one, and the faces of the members of the party bear evidence to their exposure to the sea air.

In Good Health and Spirits.

The President is said to be in the best of health and spirits, and those who have seen him say he looks remarkably strong and vigorous. His long vacation has undoubtedly done him a world of good, and he is in excellent condition to consider the

is in excellent condition to consider the great mass of public business that has accumulated during his absence, as well as to take up the fresh business incident to the near approach of Congress.

Mrs. Cleveland and the children made the trip from Gray Gables by rail. They left on an early train yesterday morning, and arrived here shortly after 11 o'clock last evening. They are all in good health, and, like the President, seem to have derived great benefit from their summer outing.

Affairs at the White House were very quiet today. The presence of the chief ex-Affairs at the White House were very quiet today. The presence of the chief executive was indicated by the American flag displayed from the roof, and the number of distinguished visitors. Policemen were stationed at all the approaches to the building, back and front, and it is safe to say that no suspicious characters will be able to gain an entrance to the house. The President spent the early hours of the day locking over his correspondence, which was quite large. He had the assistance of Mr. Thurber in his work. There were very few callers. Representative Coombs was the only one outside of the cabinet circle, and he transacted his business with Mr. Thurber.

A Cabinet Meeting Today.

All the members of the cabinet called during the day. Secretary Olney was the first to claim the President's attention, and two distinguished officials were together over an hour discussing important affairs of state. Secretary Lamont came affairs of state. Secretary Lamont came soon after, but did not remain long. About noon an informal meeting of the cabinet was held. All the members were present, including Secretaries Olney and Lamont, who were called back for the purpose. who were called back for the purpose. There was no special significance in the meeting. It is the first time that the President and his ministers have assembled around the council board together since May last, and the President naturally desired to get a general idea of the state of public business, with special reference to the meeting of Congress.

Going to Atlanta Monday.

One of the things talked over was the proposed visit to the Atlanta exposition. and a general understanding was reached that the President and all the members of his cabinet will leave for Atlanta on Monday next. The following Wednesday is Pres-

day next. The following Wednesday is President's day at the exposition, and elaborate
preparations for its observance are being
made by those in charge.

As soon as the President's cottage on the
Woodley road can be got ready Mrs. Cleveland and the children will move out there, to
remain until the winter sets in. It is believed that the President will defer action
on the more important questions demanding his attention until after his return.

Later it was learned that today's meeting Later it was learned that today's meeting Later it was learned that today's meeting of the cabinet was mainly for the purpose of arranging for the trip to Atlanta. It was decided that all the members of the cabinet and the ladies of their families shall accompany the President and Mrs. Cleveland. The party will leave here in a special train Monday afternoon, and will start back from Atlanta immediately after the presidential reception Wednesday evening, arriving here early Friday morning.

ALCOHOL IN THE ARTS.

Test Suits to Recover Taxes Paid to Come Up Next Week.

The suits brought in the Court of Claims to recover the taxes imposed by the government on alcohol used in medicinal compounds and in the arts will probably come up at the session of the court which begins next week. Under the present tariff law alcohol used in medicinal compounds ard in the arts was to be free from taxation under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury. Owing to the difficulty of carrying out the law, however, and upon the representation that it could open the way for wholesale fraud, the Secretary declined to make regulations, and despite the protests of manufacturing plarmacists and others using alcohol exempt from taxation by the terms of the tariff law, the tax was collected. In this way it is estimated that during the fifteen menths the law has been in operation between \$1,000,000 and \$5,000,000 have been collected on alcohol that would have been exempt had the Secretary issued regulations. Druggists and others have fixed the taxes, but have carefully retained evidence of the amounts paid, and two test suits, one by a firm of manufacturing druggists of Baltimore, and the other by a New York hat firm, have been brought in the Court of Claims to recover. The briefs of the complainants have been filed, and Assistant Attorney General Dodge is preparing the case of the government. ever, and upon the representation that it

Army Orders.

Capt. Oscar F. Long, assistant quartermaster, has been ordered to Fort McPherson, Ga., to select a site for a rifle range. The following transfers in the fourteenth infantry are made: Capt. Leon A. Matile. from company B to company K; Capt. Richard T. Yeatman, from company K to

J. J. Barry of Boston; "Qualifications of Building Inspectors," by John M. Hazen, Minneapolis; "Fire Proofing," by M. W. Fitzsimmons, Boston; "Electricity," E. S. Brophy, Boston. The convention will continue its work tomorrow. The delegates spent the afternoon in visiting the parks and other places of interest in the city. company B.

The following transfers in the eighth cavalry are made: Second Lieut. Herbert B. Crosby, from troop I to troop C; Second Lieut. Albert E. Saxton, from troop C to troop. Hyatt Smith of Cambridge, Mass., appeared

Two patents were issued yesterday to Henry H. Bliss, Washington, D. C., assignor to J. A. Jeffrey, Columbus, Ohlo, on a mining machine, and one to Elijah Gay, assignor of one-half to M. Riley, Washington D. C.

MR. BAYARD'S DENIAL MRS.LOCKWOODHELD

There is No Occasion for an Ulti. Preliminary Hearing in the Criminal matum. Libel Suit Against Her.

Too Reckless a Use of That Word-SHE DENIES ALL THE ALLEGATIONS Monroe Doctrine Un-

Testimony Given Before Judge

Miller in the Case.

THE JUDGE'S DECISION

Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood, attorney-at-law defeated candidate for the presidency and the first female rider of a tricycle, against whom Lawyer and Real Estate Dealer Robert E. L. White, who was her subwarranting such action. The fact is, as has before been stated, and is implied in the Bayard interview, that Mr. Bayard has tenant, made complaint for alleged criminal libel, appeared in the Police Court toliminary hearing this morning.

Great Britain what our position is with relation to foreign encroachment upon American territory; that the Monroe doctrine is to be maintained, and that the United States would be glad to see the boundary dispute between Great Britain and Venezuela speedily settled by arbitration.

The meaning of this was not to be misunderstood, but it was not as specific and direct as an ultimatum. It was not in the nature of an imperative demand that something be done within a certain time in a particular way. A similar declaration if made in a merely perfunctory way would mean very little. The importance of this communication lies in the fact that it is understood to mean all that is said, and a lit-There was a large audience in cour when the case was called, as it was supposed that the trial would prove lively and rteresting, but Mrs. Lockwood made an effort to have the case again go over. Ex-Congressman Turner and Lawvey Lipscomb, who wants to become a member of the Virginia state legislature, had been

etained by Mrs. Lockwood as her counsel, and the former made the application. "I have just been retained in the case," said the ex-Congressman, "and have not yet had an opportunity to make an investigation of the case. Another reason for a continuance is that Mrs. Lockwood has an important matter in the Equity Court to-

important matter in the Equity Court today."

"And," added Mrs. Lockwood, "I have
a sick person in my house."

Mr. Mullowny, for the prosecution, said
he would object to a further continuance.
The case had been in court last week and
was set, for today. It is a case for a preliminary hearing, he said, and certainly he
thought the case should be heard today.

Mrs. Lockwood said that she had not
summoned any of her witnesses, and therefore she was not prepared for trial.

Judge Miller said that as the case was
only called for a preliminary hearing he
thought it had better go ahead.

Mr. White's Testimony.

Mr. White's Testimony. Mr. White, the prosecuting witness, was irst called, and he gave evidence concerning the posters found on his office door. event of the trouble he had with Mrs. Lockwood about the rent of the rooms and said that one Sunday morning he found on the door this poster: This firm suspended-

Couldn't pay rent. Rats!! Rats!!
Later he found this one:
4 prity moril men,
Formily ocopied this den;
Beet there Landlady,
Out of hur rent
Then got up, skipt and went.
Reel estate.

Witness said he knew of no one other than Mrs. Lockwood who had any spite against him. He employed W. L. Johnson and Andrew Conway to watch the place, and they prought to him the poster, which contained: 'You beet won woman outen hur rent, and now tryin' to beet the Loan an' truss' Com-

What Conway and Johnson Saw.

The witnesses Conway and Johnson were called and they told the court that they watched the place for M?. White, and they charged in the warrant. She wore a dark dress, and they said she afterward went to the mail box and posted a letter. Mr. White paid them \$1 a night and \$5 when they detected Mrs. Lockwood in the act of they detected Mrs. Lockwood in the act of putting up the poster.

Mr. Mullowny called the court's attention to the discoloration of the mucilage used on the poster, and Russell Brown testified that mucilage in a bottle on Mrs. lockwood's desk was discolored the sam

way.

This closed the case for the prosecution. had failed to make out a case. Denial of the Defense.

"What's the line of the defense?" Judge Miller asked. "I would like to know in order to tell whether or not I shall entertain the defendant's side of the case." "A full and complete denial," answered

counsel. "Mrs. Lockwood denies that she is guilty of such a dirty and contemptible

"I'm glad to hear that," said the court.
"As a matter of fact," said the defendant, when she had been sword, "I did not write this sign, nor did I post it on the loor." She sald that there are about eighteen or twenty persons in her house, among then about eleven women. Defendant said she had asked all of them about the signs, and

about eleven women. Derendant said she had asked all of them about the signs, and none of them knew anything of the sign. "The first thing I knew of this sign," she said, "was when it was sprung on me at Justice Strider's, when I had a suit for \$300 rent against him."

Mrs. Lockwood said it was her usual custom to sweet the front steps and paragraph. tom to sweep the front steps and pavement when the servant failed to do it, and the

ervant usually failed. Mrs. Lockwood Saw No Poster. On the Sunday morning that Mr. White says he found one of the posters, she swept the steps and pavement, and she was positive that there was no poster on the door. If there was a poster on the door, she said it was taken from there before 8 o'clock in

it was taken from there before 8 o'clock in the morning, or after noon.

She told the court more about the trouble, involving the suit against Mr. White for rent, and repeated the denial.

"What about the mucilage being discolored?" asked Mr. Mullowny.

"The nucilage in my office is not discolored, so far as I know," Mrs. Lockwood

colored, so far as I know, Mrs. Lockwood answered.

On the evening charged, she said, she did not post any letters after dark, although she sometimes does post them after dark. Witness denied that she wore a dark dress about that time, as the witnesses stated, and said she wore a light waist.

The witnesses Conway and Johnson wore recalled and questioned, and Mr. White said that Mrs. Lockwood had made the statement that she would "fix him."
"I never made such a statement," said the defendant.

Held for the Grand Jury. Counsel argued the case, and Judge Miler finally held Mrs. Lockwood for the acion of the grand jury.

Mis. Lockwood Gives Bond. This afternoon Mrs. Lockwood gave security in the sum of \$300 for her appear ance to answer a charge, should the grand jury see fit to return an indictment. Ex-Detective Sigmund J. Block qualified as

The Six Light Draft Gunboats.

Secretary Herbert has taken under consideration the report of the board of nava bureau chiefs on the proposal submitted for building six light draft gunboats. The board recommends the award of two twin screw boats to the Detroit Dry Dock Com-pany, and of one single screw boat to the Union Iron Works of San Francisco. The Union from works of San Francisco. The remaining three single screw boats are to be awarded, one to the Bath Iron Works of Maine, one to Lewis Nixon of Elizabeth, N. J., and one to Dialogue of Camden, provided they amend their plans to comply with the department's requirements.

The Attorney General's Motion to Advance the Case.

Its Wording Indicates the Position the Government Will Take in

the Matter. In his motion for the advancement of

the Judge Long pension case in the docket of the United States Supreme Court the Attorney General indicates briefly the position his office will take in the case. He "There are, as we have seen, very strong reasons for holding that where a title has passed, or the rights of innocent third persons have supervened, or there has been

a very great lapse of time without ques-

tion, the decisions of the head of an executive department should be considered as beyond the power of his successors to disturb.
"The reasons are quite strong also why, as to transactions wholly ended, where credit has been given or money paid over, there should be no recognized right of review save for fraud or manifest illegality. But where the matter is one that involves future recurring payments of money there seems no good reason why succeeding incumbents of the office, charged with a present responsibility, should be concluded by the decisions of their predecessors. They should not lightly overrule their predecessors; but when satisfied and con-They should not lightly overrule their pre-decessors; but when satisfied and con-vinced that error has been committed, and that there is no legal warrant for the pay-ment demanded, it would seem to be their duty, as well as their right to rectify the error. The recognition of the power in such cases involves no destruction of vested rights, no impairment of the obli-gations of contracts, and no abridgment of the equities of third persons."

MRS. WALLER COMING.

She and Her Children Expected in This City Today.

The wife and children of ex-Consul Waller of Madagascar, now in prison in France, are expected to arrive in this city today. They made the long journey from Mada-gascar at the expense of the government. But for this aid they could not have come home, because they were poor and friend-less in a strange country. On arriving at New York they were met by United States Dispatch Agent Rosser and Mr. Paul Bray, Mr. Waller's stepson, who was with him in Madagascar, and who was banished by the French authorities. Mrs. Waller and children will probably make their home with Mr. Bray at 316 A street northeast, at least until the diplomatic questions conleast until the diplomatic questions con-nected with Mr. Waller's arrest are set-tled.

Pensions Allowed.

District of Columbia-Increase-William Kingsbury, Washington; John Naaf, Washington; Frank Martin, U. S. Soldiers' Home. Washington. Original widow, &c .- Minor of Samuel Levy, Washington; Maria J. Harms, Washington. Original—Charles Davis, Wash-

Washington. Original—Charles Davis, Washington; Joseph A. Williams, Washington; Robert Harleston, Tenleytown, Washington; Robert Harleston, Tenleytown, Washington; Reissue—Calvin Manuel, Washington: Virginius S. Moulton, Washington; Frederick A. S. Mechilin, Washington.

Maryland—Original—Benjamin T. Meredith, allas Benjamin J. Merrit, Baltimore. Reissue—Isaae H. Smith, Hutton, Garrett; Frederick Heiner, Baltimore; Jacob Boston, Baltimore; Charles F. Leitz, Baltimore. Original widow, &c.—Lavinia Hartley, Oldtown, Allegany; Laura V. Cornish, Baltimore; Henrietta Coats, Baltimore; Mery Klemm, Baltimore. Virginia-Reissue-William Monigan, Nor

olk; Gustave Roettger, Petersburg, Din-widdle; Marlbry Todd, Ivor, Southampton, Peter Epps, Foneswood, Westmoreland; Dempsey Johnson, Norfolk; Robert Kay, Oak Grove, Westmoreland; Andrew T. Hop-kins, Portsmouth, Norfolk. Original—Caleb S. Miller, Portsmouth, Norfolk.

Personal Mention.

Assistant Secretary Uhl of the State Department has returned to the city from short visit to his home in Michigan. Gen. Miles has returned to the city from

short visit to New York. Capt. C. W. Mason, fourth infantry; Capt. W. H. Clapp, sixteenth infantry; Col. W. R. Lundberg, retired, and Capt. D. A. Burn-nam, retired, are registered at the War Department today.
Lieut. John A. Lockwood, fourth cavalry, s visiting this city on his way to his station at San Francisco.

ion at San Francisco.

Mr. Howell, private secretary to Assistant Secretary McAdoo, has returned to the dity from a hunting and fishing trip in Vest Virginia.

Chief Clerk Womack of the Interior De-

partmert left Washington today for a fortnight at the Atlanta exposition.

Rev. Stephen Merritt of New York, who is to address the convention at Foundry Church, is the guest of Mrs. A. P. Lacey of Clifton street. ilifton street.

Mr. George H. Harries of The Evening
Mr. George H. whose serious illness Star's editorial staff, whose serious illness has recently caused his friends much anxiety, was considered better today, and it is now hoped that he will soon recover.

The Plant of Dynamite Guns.

The War Department has appointed a board, consisting of Lieut. Col. L. S. Babbitt and First Lleut. O. M. Lissak, ordnance department, and Maj. W. H. Heuer, corps of engineers, to meet at San Francisco about November 20 next, to report whether the plant of dynamite guns just completed at the Presidio fulfill the contract stipulations.

Repairs to the Alert.

The cruiser Alert has sailed from Guayaquil for Callao, to receive repairs for the injuries recently received by a collision with an English merchant steamer. The merchantman acknowledged responsibility for the accident, and will bear the expense of the repairs.

Illness of Counsellor Stevens. Mr. Durham White Stevens, counsello of the Japanese legation, has been confined to his bed for about a week with an attack of intermittent fever. He is slowly improving, but is not yet able to leave his bed.

Cavalry Drill at Fort Myer. The cavalry exhibition drill at Fort Myer, which usually takes place on Friday afternoon, will this week be given to morrow, Thursday, at 2 o'clock p m.

Army Transfers. The following transfers in the second eavalry have been ordered: First Lieut Henry T. Allen, from troop M to troop A:

First Lieut. Francis G. Irwin, jr., from troop A to troop M. Notice to Subscribers. Subscribers are earnestly requested

to report any irregularity in the de-

livery of. The Star and also any

failure on the part of the carrier to

ring the door bell. A proper service can only be maintained through the courtesy of subscribers in reporting shortcomings.

Meeting of the Trustees of the American University.

to Congress and What He is TWO BUILDINGS TO BE SOON ERECTED Likely to Get.

The Generosity of Gen. De Peyster - Recognized.

THOSE WHO WERE PRESENT that Mr. Carlisle regarded beer a suitable

A special meeting of the board of trus tees of the American University was held today at the Arlington. There was a large attendance, and the session was a lengthy one. It was one of the most important held by the board since its organization, as the subject under consideration was the adoption of plans of the first buildings, namely, the hall of history and languages. Of course it was understood that the style adopted for this building would govern that of all the others which it is proposed to erect on the site on the Loughborough road just west of the Tenleytown road. At the last meeting of the board a committee was appointed to have plans prepared in readiness pointed to have plans prepared in readiness to be submitted for action, and that committee met yesterday and considered the designs which had been submitted by six architects. After considerable deliberation the committee finally concluded that of the plans two were best adapted for the purposes, but the committee were unable to decide which of the two should be called to the attention of the board. Finally it was determined to place them both before the board, and this was done at the meeting today.

Those Present.

Those present were John E. Andrus Rev. Dr. C. H. Payne and Rev. Dr. A. J. Palmer, New York; Rev. Dr. C. W. Buoy of Philadelphia; Rev. Dr. D. H. Carroll of Baltimore, President W. W. Smith of Randolph, Macon College; Jacob Tome, Port Deposit, Md.; Rev. Richard Wheatley, Irvington-on-the-Hudson; Dr. C. B. Stemen, Fort Wayne, Ind.; Rev. A. M. Griffin, Tivoli,

cisco might be the next convention place of the republican party, and that many of the other members of the party from the eastern states had expressed the same desire.

"As for myself," continued the Senator, "I have not made up my mind. It is sure to go to either Chicago, Pittsburg or San Francisco, and any one of the three places named will suit me.

"What do I think of the probable nomines of the party? Well, my state is rather N. Y.
Washington—Bishop Hurst, B. H. Warrer, C. C. Glover, S. W. Woodward, A. B.
Duvall, A. B. Browne, B. F. Leighton, John
E. Herrel, Mrs. John A. Logan, Mrs. E. J.
Somers, Vice Chancellor Beiler, Secretary
Rev. Dr. C. W. Baldwin, Register Albert
Osborne.

Réports Submitted.

Before entering upon the main business, the board listened to reports from the chancellor and vice chancellor detailing the progress that had been made in prometing the new enterprise since the last meeting in May. A statement was also presented from the treasurer, Matthew G. Emery, who is out of the city, and was unable to be present, to the effect that the receipts in cash since the May meeting amounted to \$26,000, while donations in real estate were received to the value of \$12,000.

Gen. De Peyster's Generosity. A resolution was adopted expressing appreciation for the generosity of Gen. De Peyster of Tivoli, N. Y., which has assured the erection of a building for the college of larguages. The gift is in the form of real

larguages. The girt is in the case sestate located in New York city. A resolution was also adopted accepting the bronze statue of General De Peyster which is to be erected in front of the build ing of the college of languages that will bear his name. About the room where the board met were displayed the plans of board met were displayed the plans of Mr. Eugene Flagg of New York, who is the architect of the Episcopal cathedral and of the Corcoran Art Gallery, and of Mr William M. Poindexter of this city, who designed the Columbian University build in the control of the columbian University build in the columbian Univers

The Two Plans Discussed. Mr. Flagg appeared before the board

and made a speech in explanation of his plans, which showed a somewhat different arrangement than had been contemplated According to Mr. Flagg's plans, there will be a main building, or rather a group o buildings, and near it will be a few smaller buildings, such as the two which it is now proposed to erect. The general style of architecture followed by Mr. Flagg was that of the modern renaissance. Finally, after the board had considered

Finally, after the board had considered the matter for some time, it was decided to authorize the building committee, which consists of John E. Andrus, chairman; Bishop Hurst, Vice Chancellor Beiler, A. B. Duvall, M. G. Emery, John E. Herrel and Anderson Fowler, to consult with the proper engineering and architectural authorities and to adopt plans for the Hall of History and Legislater, and to proceed to the creeand to adopt plans for the Hall of History and Languages and to proceed to the erection of the same, as well as the choice of an architect. It is understood that the committee will, as soon as possible, discharge the duty which has been imposed upon them so that the work of building can be entered into at once. The two buildings will cost about \$150,000 each.

Chaplain McCabe, who came in before the meeting adjourned, spoke of the great interest, which is being taken in the enterprise throughout the country and predicted that the efforts being made to establish a university would be crowned with success.

success.
Shortly before 3 o'clock the board finally

THE LOYAL LEGION.

Gen. Gibbon Elected Commander-in Chief at Today's Session. The commandery-in-chief of the Loya Legion of the United States met in biennial session at the Arlington Hotel today Gen. Lucius Fairchild, grand commande presiding. There were seventy-seven delegates present, representing every state of the Union except Oregon. There were three aspirants for election to the office of grand commander, and the first ballot re sulted as follows: Gen. Miles, 27 votes sulted as follows: Gen. Miles, 27 votes; Gen. John Gibbon, 15, and Gen. Wager Swayne, 11. Gen. Swayne's name being dropped, Gen. Gibbon was elected on the second ballot, receiving 30 votes to 20 for Gen. Miles. Gen. Miles lacked only one vote of election on the first ballot, and it is believed would have succeeded on the second but for the superior age of Gen. Gibbon, which influenced many of the delegates, who otherwise would have cast their ballots for Miles, to vote for Gibbon. A committee, consisting of Generals Hub-A committee, consisting of Generals Hubbard and Varney, Major Hayden and Colonels Woodward and Davis, was appointed to pass upon the eligibility of applicants for membership.

Fourth-Class Postmasters.

The following postmasters were appoint ed in Virginia today: Auburn Mills, Han over county, S. W. Terrell, vice J. P. Ter rell, dead; Dryburg, Halifax county, Mrs M. M. Dortch, vice J. B. Dortch, resigned M. M. Dortch, vice J. B. Dortch, resigned; Eastville Station, Northampton county, J. O. Chapman, vice J. K. Kellam, resigned; Nickelsville, Scott county, J. P. Lay, vice Mrs. J. F. Hartsock, resigned; Wirtz, Franklin county, A. J. McNeil, vice W. O. Smith, resigned.

The whole number of fourth-class postmasters appointed today was 35, of whom 34 were to fill vacancies caused by death and resignations.

Government Receipts. National bank notes received today fo redemption, \$179,931. Government receipts-From internal revenue, \$366,935; customs \$540,201; miscellaneous, \$28,065.

and resignations.

JUDGE LONG'S PENSION PLANS DISCUSSED INCREASED REVENUE ELLIS WAS TORTURED

Awful Treatment of a Negro by a

Look on page 8 for the

ninth installment of "When the War Was Over."

\$500 for the correct solution of the mystery by a

woman reader.

EARS AND FINGERS CUT OFF

He Was Otherwise Badly Mutilated.

HAD CONFESSED HIS CRIME

MEMPHIS, Tenn., October 16.-Jefferson Ellis was hanged to a telegraph pole at 1:40 this morning by 350 men, within two hundred yards of the scene of his crime. Before hanging the negro the mob cut off both his ears and all of his fingers and mutilated him in a horrible

manner. The mob, with their prisoner, reached the home of his victim, Miss Prater, soon after midnight. The young woman identified him as her assailant. As soon as this was done, an armed squad of men took Ellis from Constable Farrow and started with him for the pike, where the ublic road crosses the Louisville and Nashville. A big fire had been built at the place, and around it the mob gathered in

The leaders of the mob told Ellis to pray, but he only looked at them in a stupray, but he only looked at them in a stu-pid manner. Being told that he was about to die, he raised his voice in a negro hymn. By the time he finished the fiercer element were in complete control of the mob. Cries of "Burn him" were heard on all sides. Even this fearful fate would probably have been mercy to the negro, as subse-quent events proved.

The Torture. Amid the shouts of the mob, a man jumped to the negro's side with a drawn

knife in his hand. 'Cut off his ears," they cried

"Give me a finger," shouted one man.
"I want a thumb," cried another. The better element in the crowd drew off

"I want a thumb," cried another.

The better element in the crowd drew off at this time, and said they were not in favor of doing anything but hanging the negro. Their protests were not noticed. Being urged on by the fiercest in the crowd, the man with the knife cut off the negro's right ear, and held up the bleeding trophy in full view of the crowd.

The negro screamed, but his other ear was cut off a few moments later. The mob became madder at the sight of this work, and those who were mutilating the negro found ample encouragement. They next cut off all his fingers, and, tearing away part of his clothing, they mutilated him in a horrible manenr.

The negro was covered with blood and his head looked as if it had been scalped. The mob was not even then willing to end the negro's agony. They made him stand up so all the crowd could see him. Finally, fully thirty-five minutes after the torture of the negro began, the rope was put around his neck. The telegraph pole was 75 feet away. The rope was a very long one. The free end was taken by a man, who quickly climbed the telegraph pole and threw it over the cross arm. The crowd jerked the negro to the foot of the pole, and while the mob shouted the bleeding and mutilated form of the negro was lowered to the ground.

arm.

The negro was lowered to the ground and his head was cut from his body with pocket knives. The noose was then put over the feet and the headless body was head to the family of the little girl the negro attempted to assault last Saturday in Mississippi.

A placard was put on the negro's body,

bearing these words:
"Death to the man who cuts him down
before 6:30 this evening."

A Horrible Sight.

No doubt the injunction of the mob will be obeyed to the letter, and the passengers on the Louisville and Nashville trains today may see the horrible sight. The point where the lynching occurred is a crossroad called Clifton Summit. The mob dispersed

after doing its work.

Jefferson Ellis on the afternoon of October 5 criminally essaulted Miss Bettle
Prater in the presence of the latter's two
little sisters. He escaped from a mob little sisters. He escaped from a mob which had gathered to lynch him that night, but he was pursued unremittingly until he was captured Monday near Mountain Pleasant, Miss. He confessed to the assault upon Miss Prater, to the outrage and murder of a Mrs. Wilcox of the same reighborhood two years ago and to an attempted assault upon a little girl in Mississippi while he was trying to escape from the mob.

Another Lynching. Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., October 16 .- Eu gene Vannoy, colored, was taken from his cabin at Manchester last night by 100 white men and lynched. He was charged with keeping Daisy Copeland, a fourteen-yearold white girl of weak mind, a prisoner for three days and assaulting her. He was made to confess the deed, and his body was riddled with bullets. A report has just reached the city to the effect that the remains were chopped to pieces this morning and burned on a pile of cross ties. This is the second negro to be lynched near here for a similar crime in two weeks. The girl is in a precarious condition, and great ex-

EXCLUSIVE FOREIGN ITEMS. Recent Cable Dispatches Sent by the

Associated Press. NEW YORK, October 16.-In the cable ervice of the Associated Press yesterday there was the usual large number of exclusive items, including, for its afternoon papers, the denial of the British foreign office that British troops were marching through Brezilian territory into the dis puted territory of Venezuela, an interview with Ambassador Bayard, in which he set at rest the rumors circulated to the effect that the United States had sent an ultimatum to Great Britain regarding the Venezuelan question; arrival of the em-peror and empress of Germany in Lor-raine and the visit to Metz, &c.; a London raine and the visit to Metz, &c.: a London dispatch telling of the completion of the revision of the Bible; all the news available from the Island of Cuba; the imperial Japanese ordinance issued at Yokohama prohibiting Japanese from visiting Corea without special permission; the Paris Sollel and Figaro on the new troubles in Corea; first news of the resignation of the Roumanian cabinet and the forming of the new ministry. &c.

ONLY A PRELIMINARY RUN. The Indiana Preparing for Her Trial

new ministry, &c.

Friday. GLOUCESTER, Mass., October 16.-The Indiana passed down by Thatchers Light at 10:40 a.m. for a preliminary run to her trial, which will take place Friday. To-

smuggling has been practiced here for years, as proven by the confessions of the smugglers now in custody, almost in the very presence of the custom officials. Enorday's run is an unofficial one, and no mark mous quantities of rum have been brought boats are stationed to designate the course. in, and the revenue been defrauded to the extent of thousands of dollars. One schooner owner during the past twelve months has brought from St. Pierre 4,200 gallons of rum, depriving the colony of about \$10,000 in duty, and he is only one of many engaged in the same business. The new vessel appeared to set low in the water, and makes a very perceptible "bone," the white crest of which is planly visible seven or eight miles away. There was a thick fog until 9 o'clock, but soon after that hour it became perfectly clear. The sea is smooth and the wind east.